











ENGINEERING SPECIFICATION: BMHH & BMBW Ranges

0.0 - Contents:

Sec.	Title	Page(s)
1.0	Dimensional and metrological properties	02
2.0	Standard product details	03
3.0	Installation instructions	03
4.0	General mechanical properties of the screws	04
5.0	Mechanical performance of the screws in various substrate types	05-onwards
5.1	Hot-rolled mild structural steel (as per BS EN 10025-1)	06 to 08
5.2	Cold-rolled mild structural steel (as per BS EN 10346)	08 & 09
5.3	Extruded aluminium (as per BS EN 458-2)	10
6.0	Normative references, notes and disclaimer	11 to 13

NOTE: Readers should always check the Evolution Fasteners (UK) Ltd website¹ for the latest version of this document.

evolution

[INTENTIONALLY BLANK]

¹ Latest versions can be found at http://www.evolutionfasteners.co.uk,













1.0 – <u>Dimensional and metrological properties</u>:

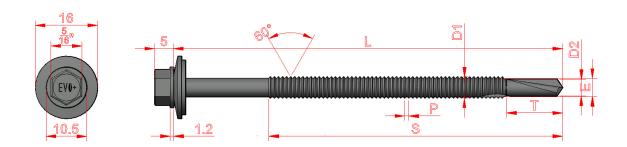


	Table 01	: Dimensiona	I properties	inc. tolera	nces (in m	m)		1
SKU ²	L	S	Т	P	D1	D2	E	Washer
		Т	EK® 3 Produ	cts				
BMHH5.5-25-3	25.0 ± 1.0							
BMHH5.5-38-3	38.0 ± 1.0							
BMHH5.5-50-3	50.0 ± 1.0	FULL						No
BMHH5.5-65-3	65.0 ± 1.5							NO
BMHH5.5-80-3	80.0 ± 1.5		7.50	1.81	2.00	F 21	4.27	
BMHH5.5-100-3	100.0 ± 2.0	75.0 ± 1.5	7.50 – 9.00		3.99 – 4.17	5.31 – 5.46	4.37 – 4.50	
BMBW5.5-25-3	25.0 ± 1.0		9.00	(14 TPI)	4.17	3.40	4.50	
BMBW5.5-38-3	38.0 ± 1.0	FULL						
BMBW5.5-50-3	50.0 ± 1.0	FULL						Yes
BMBW5.5-75-3	75.0 ± 1.5							
BMBW5.5-100-3	100.0 ± 2.0	75.0 ± 1.5						
		Т	EK® 5 Produ	cts				
BMHH5.5-38-5	5.5 x 38.0							No
BMHH5.5-50-5	5.5 x 50.0	FULL	1450	1.06	4.70	F 21	4.90	No
BMBW5.5-38-5	5.5 x 38.0	FULL	14.50 - 15.50	1.06	4.70 - 4.75	5.31 – 5.49	4.80 -	
BMBW5.5-65-5	5.5 x 65.0		15.50	(24 TPI)	4./5	5.49	5.00	Yes
BMBW5.5-100-5	5.5 x 100.0	75.0 ± 1.5						

² SKU = Stock Keeping Unit (synonymous with "part number").













2.0 - Standard product details:

	Table 02: Product Details					
Designed for/ purpose:	Fastening steel or aluminium sections, sheeting, panels etc to steel or aluminium ³ structural sections.					
Head style and drive:	5/16" hexagonal (male) socket with flange.					
Thread form:	TEK® 3 SKUs = Coarse (1.80mm pitch),					
Tillead Torrii.	TEK® 5 SKUs = Fine (1.06mm pitch).					
	Bi-Metal™ type construction:					
Material type and grade:	Drilling tip = SAE C1022 carbon steel, brazed to,					
	Thread & head = AISI 304 ⁴ austenitic stainless steel.					
	1. ≥ 5μm electroplated zinc (for protection of carbon steel drilling tip					
	during transportation and storage).					
Coating and corrosion	2. ≥ 2,000 Hour corrosion resistance (when tested in 5% NaCl					
resistance:	accelerated corrosion test as per BS EN ISO 9227).					
	3. For use in atmospheric corrosivity categories of C3, C2 and C1 as					
	per BS EN ISO 12994-2 and BS EN ISO 9223.					
\\\ \ \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \\ - \	Compression disc = 1.0mm thick aluminium (16mm OD & 7.6mm ID),					
Washer details ⁵ :	Gasket = 2.0mm thick EPDM (Ethylene propylene diene monomer).					

3.0 - Installation instructions6:

NOTE: Failure to abide by these instructions may void any warranty provided by Evolution Fasteners (UK)
Ltd. This document does not alleviate the user, designer or any other party from their respective obligations under the terms of the Warranty⁷. The use of impact tooling voids the Warranty.

- 1. Clear installation area of dirt and debris and ensure that there are no other contaminating substances (i.e. oil, grease, etc),
- 2. Using a non-impacting TEK screwdriver (such as Makita FS2500), insert the screw into the fixture and substrate material perpendicularly (± 5° from the normal) using not greater than 1,500 RPM and a steady pressure on the tooling only (do not force the tool, allow the screw to cut),
- 3. Stop inserting the screw once the underside of the flange makes contact with the topside of the fixture material for non-washered screws. For washered screws continue inserting until the compression disc of the washer changes from convex to flat. There should be no torque applied to the fasteners post-installation.

Page **3** of **13**

Engineering Specification: BMHH & BMBW Ranges (Ver 2.4 – May 2019)

³ The data presented in the document relates only to common steel grades in the UK, if you require information for mechanical performance in aluminium alloys, please contact the Evolution Technical Department,

⁴ Also known as A2-70 as per BS EN ISO 3506-1 or EN 1.4301 as per BS EN 10088-3,

⁵ Only relates to products prefixed with BMBW,

⁶ Video instructions available on our YouTube™ channel (Evolution Technical Services and Laboratory),

⁷ For further information, refer to the Evolution Product Warranty document hosted on our website.













4.0 - General mechanical properties of the screws:

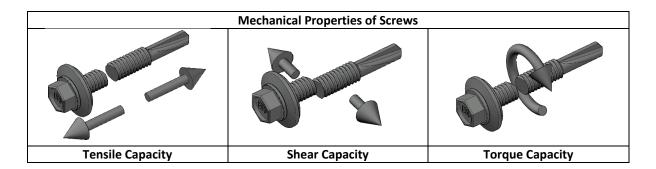


Table 03: Mechanical Properties for Bi-Metal™ (A2-70) Stainless Steel Screws ⁸									
			Nominal Diameter/ TEK® Point						
Parameter	Symbol	Unit	5.5mm	5.5mm					
			TEK® 3	TEK® 5					
Material yield strength ⁹	f_{y}	N/mm ²	45	50					
Ultimate tensile strength ¹⁰	R_m	N/mm ²	70	00					
Maximum force at elastic limit ¹⁰	F _{eH}	N	5,620	7,470					
Ultimate force at plastic limit ¹⁰	F_m	N	8,750	11,630					
Cross-sectional area	S_0	mm ²	12.50	16.62					
Young's modulus of elasticity	Ε	N/mm ²	193,	,000					
Elastic section modulus	W_{eL}	mm³	6.14	9.56					
Bending moment capacity	$M_{c,Rd}$	Nm	2.21	3.44					
Lateral-torsional buckling resistance	$M_{b,Rd}$	Nm	0.95	1.48					
Polar moment of inertia	J	mm ⁴	24.87	43.93					
Modulus of rigidity/ Shear modulus ¹¹	G	N/mm ²	74,	000					
Ultimate force at shear failure ¹²	V _m	N	5,250	6,980					
Ultimate torsional strength ¹³	$ au_m$	Nm	6.96	7.67					

Page 4 of 13

Engineering Specification: BMHH & BMBW Ranges (Ver 2.4 – May 2019)

⁹ Derived from empirical testing performed to BS EN ISO 6892-1 (for the purposes of this document, $f_v = R_{eH}$),

¹⁰ Derived from empirical testing performed to BS EN ISO 6892-1,

¹¹ As specified in ASTM A240/ A240M,

¹² Derived from empirical testing performed to MIL-STD-1312,

¹³ Derived from empirical testing performed to BS EN ISO 10666.





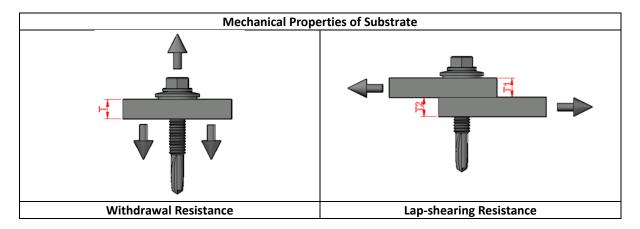








5.0 - Mechanical performance of the screws in various substrates:



IMPORTANT NOTICE:

In the following tables, there are two values supplied for each grade of steel at a given thickness, t, these values refer to:

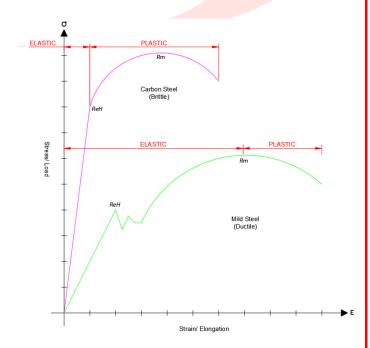
Non-bracketed values =
[Square-bracketed] values =
"Yield" =
"Ultimate" =

Load where the substrate reaches upper yield strength,
Load where the substrate reaches ultimate tensile strength,
Load where the fastener reaches upper yield strength (see table 03),
Load where the fastener reaches ultimate tensile strength (see table 03).

It is recommended by Evolution Fasteners (UK) Ltd that designers ensure that the screws remain in their elastic phase and as such limit themselves to F_{eH} as per Table 03.

Users of this document should be aware that they have to consider the fact that the mechanical properties of the screws and the substrate they are being used in are very different. An example stress/ strain graph is included to the side (indicative use only) to illustrate typical stress/ strain patterns in various steel types.

Carbon steel is generally more brittle and higher tensile strength than either mild or austenitic stainless steels: which are more ductile and lower tensile strength.



Page **5** of **13**

Engineering Specification: BMHH & BMBW Ranges (Ver 2.4 - May 2019)













5.1 - Hot-rolled mild structural steel (as per BS EN 10025-1):

steels ¹⁶ (in Newtons)										
Grade			Sub	strate thickne	ess, t					
Graue	1.2mm	1.5mm	2.0mm	2.5mm	3.0mm	4.0mm	5.0mm			
S235JR	970	1,220	1,620	2,030	2,440	3,250	4,070			
3233JK	[1,490]	[1,870]	[2,490]	[3,120]	[3,740]	[4,990]	[6,240]			
CATEID	1,140	1,430	1,900	2,380	2,860	3,810	Yield ¹⁷			
S275JR	[1,700]	[2,130]	[2,840]	[3,550]	[4,260]	[5,680]	[7,100]			
COEFID	1,470	1,840	2,460	3,070	3,690	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷			
S355JR	[1,950]	[2,440]	[3,250]	[4,070]	[4,880]	[6,510]	[8,140]			
C4E010	1,780	2,230	2,980	3,720	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷			
S450J0	[2,280]	[2,860]	[3,810]	[4,760]	[5,720]	[7,620]	[9,530]			
F20F	1,220	1,530	2,040	2,550	3,060	4,090	Yield ¹⁷			
E295	[2,030]	[2,540]	[3,390]	[4,240]	[5,090]	[6,790]	[8,490]			
F22F	1,390	1,740	2,320	2,900	3,480	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷			
E335	[2,450]	[3,060]	[4,090]	[5,110]	[6,130]	[8,180]	[Ultimate ¹			
F260	1,490	1,870	2,490	3,120	3,740	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷			
E360	[2.870]	[3.580]	[4.780]	[5.980]	[7.170]	[9.560]	[Ultimate			

[CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE]

Page 6 of 13

Engineering Specification: BMHH & BMBW Ranges (Ver 2.4 – May 2019)

¹⁴ Values without brackets refer to characteristic value at R_{eH} of substrate and values in [brackets] refer to characteristic value at R_m of substrate (tested in accordance with BS EN ISO 6892-1), rounded down to nearest 10 N,

¹⁵ Derived from empirical tests as per BS EN 14566: 2008 & A1: 2012,

¹⁶ Conforming to BS EN 10025-1,

¹⁷ Fastener reaches upper yield strength failure in tension (see Table 03),

¹⁸ Fastener reaches ultimate tensile failure (see Table 03).

¹⁹ Fastener reaches ultimate tensile failure (see Table 03).













Table 05:	Table 05: Characteristic lap-shearing resistance ^{20,21} of TEK® 3 products from hot-rolled mild structural steels ¹⁶ (in Newtons)										
Cuada		Substrate thickness, t									
Grade	1.2mm	1.5mm	2.0mm	2.5mm	3.0mm	4.0mm	5.0mm				
S235JR	580	730	970	1,220	1,460	1,950	2,440				
3233JK	[890]	[1,120]	[1,490]	[1,870]	[2,240]	[2,990]	[3,740]				
C2751D	680	850	1,140	1,430	1,710	2,280	Yield ²²				
S275JR	[1,020]	[1,270]	[1,700]	[2,130]	[2,550]	[3,400]	[4,260]				
CAELID	880	1,100	1,470	1,840	2,210	Yield ²²	Yield ²²				
S355JR	[1,170]	[1,460]	[1,950]	[2,440]	[2,930]	[3,910]	[4,880]				
C4E010	1,070	1,340	1,780	2,230	Yield ²²	Yield ²²	Yield ²²				
S450J0	[1,370]	[1,710]	[2,280]	[2,860]	[3,430]	[4,570]	[5,720]				
F20F	730	920	1,220	1,530	1,840	2,450	Yield ²²				
E295	[1,220]	[1,520]	[2,030]	[2,540]	[3,050]	[4,070]	[5,090]				
F22F	830	1,040	1,390	1,740	2,090	Yield ²²	Yield ²²				
E335	[1,470]	[1,840]	[2,450]	[3,060]	[3,680]	[4,900]	[Ultimate ²³]				
F260	890	1,120	1,490	1,870	2,240	Yield ²²	Yield ²²				
E360	[1,720]	[2,150]	[2,870]	[3,580]	[4,300]	[5,740]	[Ultimate ²³]				

Table 06: Cha	Table 06: Characteristic withdrawal resistance ^{14,15} of TEK® 5 products from hot-rolled mild structural												
	steels ¹⁶ (in Newtons)												
Grade	Substrate thickness, t												
Grade	4.0mm	5.0mm	8.0mm	10.0mm	12.5mm								
S235JR	2,220	2,780	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷								
3233JK	[3,410]	[4,260]	[6,820]	[8,520]	[Ultimate ¹⁸]								
S275JR	2,600	3,250	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷								
32/5JK	[3,880]	[4,850]	[7,760]	[9,700]	[Ultimate ¹⁸]								
COLLID	3,360	4,200	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷								
S355JR	[4,450]	[5,560]	[8,900]	[Ultimate ¹⁸]	[Ultimate ¹⁸]								
S450J0	4,070	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷								
345030	[5,200]	[6,510]	[Ultimate ¹⁸]	[Ultimate ¹⁸]	[Ultimate ¹⁸]								
F20F	2,790	3,490	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷								
E295	[4,640]	[5,800]	[9,280]	[Ultimate ¹⁸]	[Ultimate ¹⁸]								
E22E	3,170	3,960	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷								
E335	[5,580]	[6,980]	[Ultimate ¹⁸]	[Ultimate ¹⁸]	[Ultimate ¹⁸]								
F360	3,410	4,260	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷								
E360	[6,530]	[8,160]	[Ultimate ¹⁸]	[Ultimate ¹⁸]	[Ultimate ¹⁸]								

²⁰ Values without brackets refer to characteristic value at R_{eH} of substrate and values in [brackets] refer to characteristic value at R_m of substrate (tested in accordance with BS EN ISO 6892-1), rounded down to nearest 10 N,

Page **7** of **13**

Engineering Specification: BMHH & BMBW Ranges (Ver 2.4 – May 2019)

²¹ Derived from empirical tests as per EAD No. 330046-01-0602 (as published by EOTA – European Organisation for Technical Approvals),

²² Fastener reaches upper yield strength failure in shear (see Table 03),

²³ Fastener reaches ultimate shear failure (see Table 03).









[Ultimate²³]





[Ultimate²³]

steels ¹⁶ (in Newtons) Substrate thickness, t									
Grade	4.0mm	5.0mm	8.0mm	10.0mm	12.5mm				
CAREID	1,330	1,660	Yield ²²	Yield ²²	Yield ²²				
S235JR	[2,040]	[2,550]	[4,090]	[5,110]	[Ultimate ²³]				
C27F.ID	1,560	1,950	Yield ²²	Yield ²²	Yield ²²				
S275JR	[2,330]	[2,910]	[4,660]	[5,825]	[Ultimate ²³				
COFFID	2,010	2,520	Yield ²²	Yield ²²	Yield ²²				
S355JR	[2,670]	[3,330]	[5,340]	[Ultimate ²³]	[Ultimate ²³]				
C4E010	2,440	Yield ²²	Yield ²²	Yield ²²	Yield ²²				
S450J0	[3,120]	[3,900]	[Ultimate ²³]	[Ultimate ²³]	[Ultimate ²³]				
F20F	1,670	2,090	Yield ²²	Yield ²²	Yield ²²				
E295	[2,780]	[3,480]	[5,560]	[Ultimate ²³]	[Ultimate ²³]				
F22F	1,900	2,380	Yield ²²	Yield ²²	Yield ²²				
E335	[3,350]	[4,190]	[Ultimate ²³]	[Ultimate ²³]	[Ultimate ²³]				
F360	2,040	2,550	Yield ²²	Yield ²²	Yield ²²				
E360	[2 020]	[4 000]	[Liltimato ²³]	[LIItimato ²³]	[I II+ima+o ²³				

[4,900]

[Ultimate²³]

5.2 - Cold-rolled mild structural steel (as per BS EN 10346):

[3,920]

			steels ²⁴ (in	Newtons)							
Grade		Substrate thickness, t									
Graue	1.2mm	1.5mm	2.0mm	2.5mm	3.0mm	4.0mm	5.0mm				
DX52D	910	1,140	1,520	1,900	2,280	3,050	3,810				
טאטעט	[1,435]	[1,790]	[2,390]	[2,990]	[3,580]	[4,780]	[5,980]				
DX54D	700	880	1,170	1,470	1,760	2,350	2,940				
DX34D	[1,260]	[1,580]	[2,110]	[2,640]	[3,170]	[4,220]	[5,280]				
DX56D	620	780	1,040	1,300	1,560	2,080	2,600				
עסכאע	[1,240]	[1,560]	[2,080]	[2,600]	[3,120]	[4,160]	[5,200]				
caanch	910	1,140	1,520	1,900	2,280	3,050	3,810				
S220GD	[1,250]	[1,570]	[2,090]	[2,610]	[3,130]	[4,170]	[5,210]				
COOCD	1,160	1,450	1,940	2,420	2,910	2,880	Yield ¹⁷				
S280GD	[1,490]	[1,870]	[2,490]	[3,120]	[3,740]	[4,990]	[6,240]				
COOCD	1,330	1,660	2,210	2,770	3,320	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷				
S320GD	[1,620]	[2,020]	[2,700]	[3,380]	[4,050]	[5,400]	[6,760]				
COENCE	1,450	1,820	2,420	3,030	3,640	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷				
S350GD	[1,740]	[2,180]	[2,910]	[3,640]	[4,360]	[5,820]	[7,280]				

²⁴ Conforming to BS EN 10346.













Table 09: Characteristic lap-shearing resistance of TEk	(® 3 products from cold-rolled mild structural
steels ²³ (in Newt	ons)

	steels (in Newtons)									
Grade		<u> </u>	Sub	strate thickne	ess, t	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
Grade	1.2mm	1.5mm	2.0mm	2.5mm	3.0mm	4.0mm	5.0mm			
DX52D	540	680	910	1,140	1,370	1,830	2,280			
DX32D	[860]	[1,070]	[1,430]	[1,790]	[2,150]	[2,870]	[3,580]			
DVEAD	420	530	700	880	1,060	1,410	1,760			
DX54D	[760]	[950]	[1,260]	[1,580]	[1,900]	[2,530]	[3,170]			
DX56D	370	460	620	780	930	1,240	1,560			
DV20D	[740]	[930]	[1,240]	[1,560]	[1,870]	[2,490]	[3,120]			
S220GD	540	680	910	1,140	1,370	1,830	2,280			
3220GD	[750]	[940]	[1,250]	[1,570]	[1,880]	[2,500]	[3,130]			
S280GD	690	870	1,160	1,450	1,740	2,330	Yield ²²			
328000	[890]	[1,120]	[1,490]	[1,870]	[2,240]	[2,990]	[3,740]			
S320GD	790	990	1,330	1,660	1,990	Yield ²²	Yield ²²			
332000	[970]	[1,210]	[1,620]	[2,020]	[2,430]	[3,240]	[4,050]			
\$3E0GD	870	1,090	1,450	1,820	2,180	Yield ²²	Yield ²²			
S350GD	[1,040]	[1,310]	[1,740]	[2,180]	[2,620]	[3,490]	[4,360]			

NOTE: TEK 5 products are not used in cold-rolled grades of steel as cold rolling generally does not occur above thicknesses of 5.0mm.

[CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE]













5.3 - Extruded aluminium (as per BS EN 485-2):

Table 10: Characteristic withdrawal resistance ^{14,15} of TEK® 3 products from extruded aluminium ²⁵ (in Newtons)											
Crada			Sub	strate thickne	ss, t						
Grade	1.2mm	1.5mm	2.0mm	2.5mm	3.0mm	4.0mm	5.0mm				
6061 – T6	990	1,240	1,660	2,080	2,490	3,320	4,160				
0001 – 10	[1,200]	[1,500]	[2,010]	[2,510]	[3,010]	[4,020]	[5,020]				
6062 T6	870	1,090	1,450	1,820	2,180	2,910	3,640				
6063 – T6	[1,010]	[1,270]	[1,690]	[2,120]	[2,540]	[3,390]	[4,240]				
6092 T6	1,290	1,610	2,140	2,680	3,220	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷				
6082 – T6	[1,410]	[1,760]	[2,350]	[2,940]	[3,530]	[4,710]	[5,890]				
C2C2 T0	1,370	1,710	2,280	2,860	3,430	Yield ¹⁷	Yield ¹⁷				
6262 – T9	[1,490]	[1,870]	[2,490]	[3,120]	[3,740]	[4,990]	[6,240]				

Table 11: Characteristic lap-shearing resistance ^{19,20} of TEK® 3 products from hot-rolled mild structural steels ²⁴ (in Newtons)							
Grade &	e & Substrate thickness, t						
Temper	1.2mm	1.5mm	2.0mm	2.5mm	3.0mm	4.0mm	5.0mm
6061 – T6	590	740	990	1,240	1,490	1,990	2,490
	[720]	[900]	[1,200]	[1,500]	[1,810]	[2,410]	[3,010]
6063 – T6	520	650	870	1,090	1,310	1,740	2,180
	[610]	[760]	[1,010]	[1,270]	[1,520]	[2,030]	[2,540]
6082 – T6	770	960	1,290	1,610	1,930	Yield ²²	Yield ²²
	[840]	[1,060]	[1,410]	[1,760]	[2,120]	[2,820]	[3,530]
6262 – T9	820	1,030	1,370	1,710	2,050	Yield ²²	Yield ²²
	[890]	[1,120]	[1,490]	[1,870]	[2,240]	[2,990]	[3,740]

NOTE: Due to the lack of commercially available extruded aluminium sections of grades commonly used in the UK construction industry, we are unable to provide enough results for TEK 5 products. However, should anyone have such thicknesses of aluminium (or different grades of aluminium to that which is shown in this document) in their system, please contact the Evolution Technical Department to arrange bespoke tests in our laboratory

²⁵ Conforming to BS EN 485-2: 2016 & A1: 2018.













6.0 - Normative references and notes:

IMPORTANT NOTICE 01:

All values provided in this document are **characteristic values**, specifically meaning that they are expressed as the mean ultimate value (from a dataset generated from the results of empirical testing in our UKAS accredited testing laboratory) minus two standard deviations. This is in-line with standard practice using Central Limit Theorem in accordance with UKAS Document M3003 "The Expression of Uncertainty and Confidence in Measurement" (3rd Edition).

Individual test results are validated using the Z-score method in ISO/IEC Guide No. 43-1 "Proficiency testing by interlaboratory comparisons" and the EN ratio method in UKAS Document LAB 46 "UKAS Policy for Participation in Measurement Audits and Interlaboratory Comparisons" (3rd Edition).

As such <u>no</u> values provided in this datasheet have been treated with a factor of safety. It is the responsibility of the user of this document to use a factor of safety appropriate to their designs.

From our experience²⁶, designers have their own favoured approach. Some prefer to use a conservative approach as (1) below, others prefer a method used in Eurocodes²⁷ as per (2) below:

(1)
$$y_m = 3.0$$

(2)
$$\gamma_m = (\gamma_{ak} \cdot \gamma_{ak}) = (1.35 \times 1.50) = 2.025$$

IMPORTANT NOTICE 02:

Applicable DoPs (Declaration of Performance) and ETAs (European Technical Assessments) for Evolution Fasteners products can be found on our website (www.evolutionfasteners.co.uk). Please note that not all products fall under the mandatory CE marking requirements pursuant to European Regulation No. 305/2011 (commonly referred to as the Construction Products Regulations).

Certificates of Conformance are available upon request from the Evolution Technical Department and follow the form of F2.1 "Fastener Inspection Documents" pursuant to the requirements of BS EN ISO 16228: 2018 (and subsequently BS EN ISO 3269: 2001).

For further information or to discuss details relating to the information published in this document, please contact the Evolution Technical Department.

Page **11** of **13**

²⁶ This is not an instruction nor does it alleviate the responsibilities of the reader, designer or any other third party,

²⁷ BS EN 1993-1-1 (Eurocode 3).













NORMATIVE REFERENCES:

BS EN ISO 9001: 2015 "Quality management systems. Requirements.",

BS EN ISO/IEC 17025: 2017 *"General requirements for the competence of testing and*

calibration laboratories.",

BS EN ISO 9227: 2017 "Corrosion tests in artificial atmospheres. Salt spray tests.",

BS EN ISO 12944-2: 2017 *"Paints and varnishes. Corrosion protection of steel structures by*

protective paint systems. Classification of environments.",

BS EN ISO 9223: 2012 "Corrosion of metals and alloys. Corrosivity of atmospheres.

Classification, determination and estimation.",

BS EN 3506-1: 2009 "Mechanical properties of corrosion-resistant stainless-steel

fasteners. Bolts, screws and studs.",

BS EN 10088-3: 2014 "Stainless steels. Technical delivery conditions for semi-finished

products, bards, rods, wires, sections and bright products of

corrosion resisting steels for general purposes.",

BS EN ISO 6892-1: 2016^{NC} "Metallic materials. Tensile testing. Method of test at room

temperature.",

BS ISO/IEC Guide 43-1: 1997 *"Proficiency testing by interlaboratory comparisons. Part 1:*

Development and operation of proficiency testing schemes.",

UKAS Document M3003 "The expression of uncertainty and confidence in measurement. 3rd

Edition.". Published by the United Kingdom Accreditation Service

on behalf of HM Government's Department for Business, Innovation and Skills,

MIL-STD-1312-13^{NC} "Military Standard: Fastener test methods (method 13), double

shear test.". Published by the United States Department of

Defence,

BS EN ISO 10666: 1999NC "Drilling screws with tapping screw threads. Mechanical and

functional properties.",

BS EN 10025-1: 2004 "Hot rolled products of structural steels. General technical delivery

conditions.",

BS EN 14566: 2008 & A1: 2009 *"Mechanical fasteners for gypsum plasterboard systems.*

Definitions, requirements and test methods.",

EAD 330046-01-0602 "European Assessment Document: Fastening screws for metal

members and sheeting.". Published by the European Organisation

for Technical Assessments,

Page **12** of **13**

Engineering Specification: BMHH & BMBW Ranges (Ver 2.4 – May 2019)













BS EN 10346: 2015 *"Continuously hot-dip coated steel flat products for cold forming.*"

Technical delivery conditions.",

BS EN 485-2: 2016 & A1: 2018 "Aluminium and aluminium alloys. Sheet, strip and plate.

Mechanical properties.",

BS EN 1993-1-1: 2005 & A1: 2014 "Eurocode 3: Design of steel structures. General rules and rules for

buildings.",

UKAS Document LAB 46 "UKAS policy for participation in measurement audits and

interlaboratory comparisons. 3rd Edition.". Published by the United Kingdom Accreditation Service on behalf of HM Government's

Department for Business, Innovation and Skills,

BS EN ISO 16228: 2018 *"Fasteners. Types of inspection documents."*,

BS EN ISO 3269: 2001 *"Fasteners. Acceptance inspection."*.

DISCLAIMER:

This document is provided for educational purposes only and remains the intellectual property of Evolution Fasteners (UK) Ltd. The information provided in this document does not alleviate any responsibility on the part of any third party, nor does Evolution Fasteners (UK) Ltd accept any liability for any failures in practice, design or otherwise by any third parties using this document.

Evolution Fasteners (UK) Ltd retain all rights in relation to this document. This document shall not be reproduced except in full, without written approval from Evolution Fasteners (UK) Ltd.

Whilst every effort was made to ensure that all information in this document is accurate, it is provided strictly on the basis errors and omissions excepted.

It is the recommendation of Evolution Fasteners (UK) Ltd that any third party seeking to use our products should enquire directly with the Evolution Technical Department either by e-mail to technical@evolutionfasteners.co.uk or phone call to +44 (0) 141 647 7100. Written enquires can be made to:

Technical Department and Laboratory Services Evolution Fasteners (UK) Ltd Clyde Gateway Trade Park Dalmarnock Road Glasgow G73 1AN United Kingdom

[END OF DOCUMENT]

Page **13** of **13**

Engineering Specification: BMHH & BMBW Ranges (Ver 2.4 - May 2019)